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9 October 1999: The last flight of the SR-71 (#61-7980/NASA 844). September 2002: Final resting places of #956, #971, and #980 are made known. SR-71 Development and Operations: The SR-71 Blackbird is one of the most spectacular aircraft ever built. It is a long-range, supersonic reconnaissance aircraft capable of flying at Mach 3.2.

SR-71 Online - SR-71 Blackbird

Lockheed SR-71 Blackbird. Twin-engine, two-seat, supersonic strategic reconnaissance aircraft; airframe constructed largely of titanium and its alloys; vertical tail fins are constructed of a composite (laminated plastic-type material) to reduce radar cross-section; Pratt and Whitney J58 (JT11D-20B) turbojet engines feature large inlet shock cones.

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Lockheed SR-71 Blackbird - National Air and Space Museum

Lockheed SR-71 Blackbird – samolot dalekiego zwiadu strategicznego, najszybszy samolot kiedykolwiek wprowadzony do służby operacyjnej w siłach powietrznych. Zaprojektowany na przełomie lat 50. i 60. XX wieku na zamówienie CIA, eksploatowany przez CIA, NASA oraz USAF. Dwusilnikowy odrzutowy średniopłat w układzie delta, osiągający prędkość Mach 3,5 oraz pułap 26 000 metrów ...

Lockheed SR-71 Blackbird - Wikipedia, wolna encyklopedia

The Lockheed Martin SR-72, colloquially referred to as "Son of Blackbird", is an American hypersonic UAV concept intended for intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance proposed privately in 2013 by Lockheed Martin as a successor to the retired Lockheed SR-71 Blackbird. The company expected an SR-72 test vehicle could fly by 2023.

Lockheed Martin SR-72 - Wikipedia

i dati sono tratti da: SR-71.org Lockheed Martin voci di aerei militari presenti su Wikipedia Il Lockheed SR-71 , meglio conosciuto con il soprannome non ufficiale Blackbird , era un ricognitore strategico statunitense che prestò servizio dal 1966 fino al 22 novembre 1989 , anno in cui tutti gli esemplari furono dismessi a causa della soppressione dei fondi per il loro utilizzo. Durante la ...

Lockheed SR-71 - Wikipedia

NASA Dryden Fact Sheets - SR-71 Blackbird (en inglés) A-12, YF-12, M-21 y SR-71 Blackbird; Datos: Q190114; Multimedia: Esta página se editó por última vez el 14 oct 2021 a las 21:17. El texto está disponible bajo la Licencia Creative Commons Atribución Compartir Igual 3.0 ...

Lockheed SR-71 - Wikipedia, la enciclopedia libre

SR-71, also known as the "Blackbird," is the research aircraft used by NASA as a test bed for high-

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speed, high-altitude aeronautical research. It was secretly designed in the 1950s at Lockheed's Advanced Development Company, commonly known as "Skunk Works."

Facts - NASA

Clarence Leonard "Kelly" Johnson (February 27, 1910 - December 21, 1990) was an American aeronautical and systems engineer. He is recognized for his contributions to a series of important aircraft designs, most notably the Lockheed U-2 and SR-71 Blackbird. Besides the first production aircraft to exceed Mach 3, he also produced the first fighter capable of Mach 2, the United States' first ...

Kelly Johnson (engineer) - Wikipedia

Aurora also known as SR-91 Aurora is the popular name for a hypothesized American reconnaissance aircraft, believed by some to be capable of hypersonic flight at speeds of Mach 5+. According to the hypothesis, Aurora was developed in the 1980s or 1990s as a replacement for the aging and expensive SR-71 Blackbird.

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